

**Exercise 1:** The equation of a cable subjected to its own weight (catenary) and supported at two points located at the same height (thus, the cable is symmetric), is  $y = 200 \cosh(0,02 \cdot x)$ . Tension in a point where the tangent forms  $60^\circ$  with the horizontal is 4 kN. Determine:

- Minimum tension ( $T_0$ ) and weight per unit of length ( $p$ ).
- Consider now a distance of 240 m between the supports. Calculate the maximum tension at the cable and its length.

**Solution:**

- Minimum tension

$$y = a \cosh(x/a) = 200 \cosh 0,02x$$

then  $a = 200 \text{ m}$ .

$$T_0 = T \cos \alpha = 4 \cdot \cos 60^\circ \rightarrow T_0 = 2 \text{ kN}$$

$$a = 200 \text{ m} = \frac{T_0}{p} = \frac{2 \text{ kN}}{p} \rightarrow p = 10 \text{ N/m}$$

- Tension and length

We work with half of the cable, so  $x$  is:

$$x = \frac{L}{2} = \frac{240}{2} = 120 \text{ m}$$

$$y = a \cosh\left(\frac{x}{a}\right) = 200 \cosh\left(\frac{120}{200}\right) \cong 237 \text{ m}$$

$$T_{\max} = p \cdot y_{\max} = 2370 \text{ N}$$

$$T_y = \sqrt{T_{\max}^2 - T_0^2} \cong 1271,57 \text{ N}$$

$$s = \sqrt{y^2 - a^2} = 127,33 \text{ m}$$

$$s_{\text{tot}} = 2 \cdot s = 254,66 \text{ m}$$

Verification of the value of  $s$  and  $T_y$

$$s = a \cdot \sinh\left(\frac{x}{a}\right) = 200 \cdot \sinh\left(\frac{120}{200}\right) = 127,3 \text{ m}$$

$$s_{\text{tot}} = 2 \cdot s = 254,66 \text{ m}$$

$$T_y = \frac{p \cdot s_{\text{tot}}}{2} = \frac{10 \text{ N/m} \cdot 254,6 \text{ m}}{2} = 1271,57 \text{ N}$$

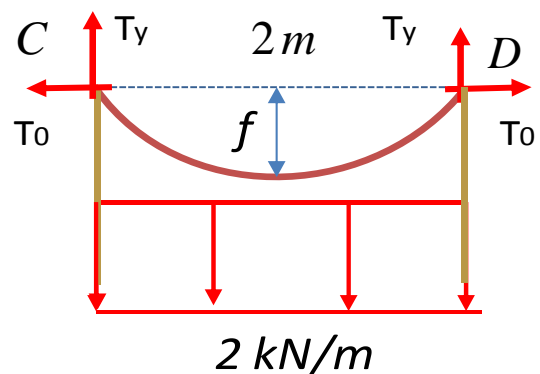
As it is seen, both methods lead to the same result.

**Exercise 2:** A cable is subjected to a uniform continuous load (parabolic cable) of 2 kN/m and its deflection at the middle-span is 0,1 m.

- Determine the tension at the supports C and D knowing the distance between them is 2 m.
- Vectorial expression of the tension at C and D.

**Solution:**

$$D_{CD} = 2 \text{ m}; f = 0,1 \text{ m}; q = 2 \text{ kN/m}$$



- Tension

$$y - y_0 = f = 0,1 = \frac{q}{2T_0} x^2 = \frac{2 \frac{\text{kN}}{\text{m}}}{2T_0} \cdot \left(\frac{D_{CD}}{2}\right)^2$$

$$T_0 = 10 \text{ kN}$$

$$T_y = \frac{q \cdot L}{2} = \frac{2 \frac{kN}{m} \cdot 2m}{2}$$

$$T_y = 2 \text{ kN}$$

$$T_C = T_D = \sqrt{T_o^2 + T_y^2} = 10,19 \text{ kN}$$

b) Vectorial expressions.

$$T_C = (-10, 2) \text{ kN}$$

$$T_D = (10, 2) \text{ kN}$$

*Exercise 3: A cable following the equation  $y=(2/3).x^{1,5}$  is suspended between two points located at  $x=0$  and  $x=1$ . Calculate its total length.*

---

**Solution:**

$$ds^2 = dy^2 + dx^2 \rightarrow ds = \sqrt{1 + \left(\frac{dy}{dx}\right)^2} dx$$

$$L = \int_0^1 \sqrt{1 + (x^{0,5})^2} dx = \left[ \frac{(1+x)^{3/2}}{3/2} \right]_0^1 =$$

$$= \frac{4\sqrt{2}}{3} - \frac{2}{3} \rightarrow L = \frac{2}{3}(2\sqrt{2} - 1) \text{ m}$$